

Conference Objectives

Highlighting the role of local administration in implementing environmental policies.

- Diagnosing the challenges facing environmental governance in Algeria.

- Proposing practical mechanisms to strengthen the capacities of local communities.
- Anticipating prospects for developing environmental governance to achieve sustainable development.
- Encouraging cooperation between administration, civil society, and the private sector.

Conference Axes

Axis One: Environmental Governance and Local Administration in Algeria: Institutional Foundations and Effectiveness Challenges

1. Conceptual and Theoretical Foundations of Environmental Governance and Its Relationship with Local Administration and Sustainable Development.
2. The Legal and Institutional Framework of Environmental Governance and the Distribution of Responsibilities across Levels of Government.
3. The Role of Local Authorities in Implementing Public Environmental Policies and the Effectiveness of Local Environmental Management.
4. Challenges of Institutional Coordination, Integration, and Multi-Actor Governance in Local Environmental Management.
5. Financial, Human, and Organizational Constraints and Their Impact on the Effectiveness of Local Environmental Governance.

Axis Five: Advancing Local Environmental Governance in Algeria: Transformation Mechanisms and Prospects for Sustainability

1. Strengthening the Institutional Capacities of Local Authorities and Developing Performance Mechanisms in Environmental Management.
2. Digitalization and Technological Innovation in Advancing Environmental Governance and Supporting Local Decision-Making.
3. Community Participation and Local Partnerships as Mechanisms for Strengthening Participatory Environmental Governance.
4. Indicators and Mechanisms for Measuring and Evaluating the Performance of Local Environmental Governance.
5. Prospects for Local Administration and Environmental Governance in the Context of Environmental and Technological Transformations.

Conference Issue

Today, the environment constitutes one of the most pressing global challenges, requiring joint efforts at various levels. The protection and sustainability of natural resources have become an urgent necessity to achieve balanced development. In Algeria, this challenge is further complicated by rapid urban growth, industrial expansion, and the social and economic pressures imposed by development requirements.

Local administration, being the closest institution to the citizen, bears a direct responsibility in implementing national environmental policies on the ground. It is best positioned to translate general orientations into concrete programs and to ensure community participation in protecting the environment. However, this role requires a new vision that makes local authorities key actors in achieving a balance between development and environmental protection, through the adoption of principles of good governance based on transparency, accountability, and effective participation, in addition to strengthening their organizational and financial capacities to cope with rapid environmental transformations.

Environmental governance has thus become a necessary framework for managing natural resources and addressing growing environmental crises. The traditional role of local administration is no longer sufficient to meet current challenges. New responsibilities require openness to civil society and the private sector, the adoption of modern mechanisms for coordination and planning, and the development of digital tools and monitoring systems to ensure greater effectiveness in implementing environmental policies.

In this context, citizen involvement becomes a central element—not only as a recipient of policies but as a key partner in their formulation and implementation—enhancing environmental awareness and ensuring the sustainability of efforts. Nevertheless, this role faces numerous challenges related to limited material and human resources, overlapping powers between central and local levels, and insufficient coordination with civil society and the private sector.

Accordingly, the central problematic is posed as follows:

How can local administration become an effective mechanism for implementing environmental governance in Algeria, ensuring the confrontation of current challenges and opening new horizons for sustainable development?

The People's Democratic Republic of Algeria
Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research

Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University, Jijel
Faculty of Law and Political Science
Department of Political Science



is organizing a National

Conference entitled:

**Local Administration and
Environmental Governance in
Algeria: Challenges and
Future Prospects**

November 23, 2026

Conference Participation

Last Name:

Specialization:

Institution:

Fax:

Axis:

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Conference Participation

Requirements

- The symposium will be held in person on **November 23, 2026**.
- The deadline for receiving contributions is **November 12, 2026**.
- The deadline for notifying acceptance of contributions is **November 20, 2026**.

Important Dates

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Conference Committees

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President of Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University – Jijel

General Supervisor of the Conference:

Dean of the Faculty of Law and Political Science

President of the Conference:

Dr. Dessdous Adel – Lecturer “A”

President of the Scientific Committee:

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