

## The objectives of the forum

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- Examine the underlying causes of Algeria's public budget deficit and facilitate a scientific dialogue on sustainable reform strategies to address it, including an evaluation of the measures already implemented by the Algerian government.
- Assess the long-term implications of the persistent budget deficit, with particular focus on the risks of rising external debt and the potential recurrence of Algeria's challenging financial experience with international institutions during the 1990s.
- Highlight the experiences of other rentier economies that have successfully reduced their budget deficits through economic diversification and fiscal reform, leading to broader tax bases and more stable, diversified public revenues.
- Analyze the 2025 Algerian Finance Law, offering a detailed overview of the country's current budgetary framework by examining key revenue sources and expenditure trends.
- Explore innovative finance policy tools and governance reforms that could enhance budget transparency, improve public spending efficiency, and strengthen institutional capacity in managing Algeria's public finances sustainably.

## The statement of the problem of forum

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The chronic public budget deficit remains a critical financial issue that has sparked considerable debate worldwide, affecting both developed and developing nations alike. In response, governments have pursued various financial and economic reforms to curb these persistent imbalances.

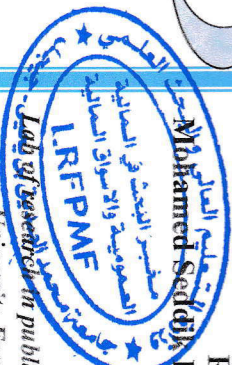
In Algeria, the public budget has been burdened by a chronic deficit in recent years, driven by multiple factors. Chief among them are the rising costs of expansive social support programs, which increasingly compete with investment spending, and a heavy dependence on hydrocarbon revenues. This overreliance on oil exposes the national economy to external shocks and global energy market fluctuations.

To address the growing deficit, Algeria has implemented several strategies, most notably through expenditure rationalization and non-conventional financing methods. However, with the deficit reaching approximately 20% of GDP in 2024—equivalent to nearly \$62 billion—the challenge has escalated into a pressing financial and economic that threatens Algeria's future.

### Problem Statement

**What sustainable reform policies should Algeria implement to effectively address and mitigate its chronic public budget deficit?**

Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research  
Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University, Jijel



*Laboratory of Research in public finance and financial markets*  
University Formation Research Project

*"The Issue of Generalized Subsidies in Algeria and the Need to Redirect Them to Reduce the Public Budget Deficit – An Analytical, Econometric, and Prospective Study"*

*Under the code: PRFU: F02N01UN180120230004*

*Organize*

*The 2nd National Seminar on:*

**The issue of public budget deficits in Algeria  
(Causes, Effects, Solutions)**



**Wednesday, November 19, 2025**

### The scientific committee

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professor	Unive rsity	professor	University
Prof. Dr. Djamel Keddam	Jijel	Dr. Yennoune Amel	Jijel
Prof. Dr. Elaid Soufane	Jijel	Dr. Zine Radhia	Jijel
Prof. Dr. karim Boudekidekh	Jijel	Dr. Siham Laib	Jijel
Prof. Dr. Taher Djellit	Jijel	Dr. Souhila Zenad	Jijel
Prof. Dr. Boudeghdegh Ahmed	Jijel	Prof. Dr. Himrane Mohammed	National Higher School of Management kolaa
Dr. Mounir Louidj	Jijel	Prof. Dr. Ahcene Raki	Skikda
Dr. Mahmoud Kebiche	Jijel	Dr. Helial	Batna 1
Dr. badis bougherra	Jijel	Dr. Abdelmalek Bourrekoua	U.C. Mila
Dr. Abderrahmen Hamouf	Jijel	Dr. Ali Kador	U.C. Tzipaza
Dr. Sarra Boussayoud	Jijel	Prof. Dr. Fahri Haniche	Ghardaia
Dr. samir mehieddine	Jijel	Hasni Bali	U.C. Mila
Dr. Guira Omar	Jijel	Dr. Abed Elmalek Toubi	Tebessa
Dr. Ali Alioua	Jijel	//////////	//////////

### The organizing committee

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Dr. Rachid Allab	University of Jijel	Dr. Souhila Kirat	University of Jijel
Dr. Ammar Aries	University of Jijel	Dr. Abderrauof Guembeur	University of Jijel
Dr. Abassi Abderrauof	University of Jijel	Dr. Hassenn Melah	University of Jijel
Dr. Merabet Mohammed	University of Jijel	Dr. Djorfi Abderrahmane	University of Jijel
Dr. Nadjib Gamaiche	University of Jijel	DS. Khat Samir	University of Jijel

### Contact details

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The research papers

should be sent to the following email:

dbudgetaire@gmail.com

### The target audience of the forum

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- Professors and researchers.
- Doctoral students.
- Specialists in the field of public finance.

### Important dates

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- Deadline for submission:

October 30<sup>th</sup> 2025

Notification to authors:

November 10<sup>th</sup> 2025

### The forum committee

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Honorary President of the Conference:

Prof. Dr. Ben Ali Sherif Nour El Din, "University Director".

General Supervision Committee of the Conference:

Dr. Mounir Louadi, "Dean of the Faculty"  
Dr. Amirouche Chelghoum, "Laboratory Director "

Conference President:

Dr. Mohammed Boulassel

Vice President of the Conference:

Dr. Amirouche Chelghoum

Head of the Scientific Committee:

Dr. Mourad Younes

Vice Head of the Scientific Committee

Prof. Dr. Fateh Ahmia

Head of the Organizing Committee:

Dr. Abderrezak Larioui

### The forum axis

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- The theoretical foundations of the public budget deficit.
- Analysis of the causes of the public budget deficit in Algeria.
- Economic and social effects of the chronic public budget deficit in Algeria.
- Mechanisms and policies to address the public budget deficit in Algeria.
- An analytical reading of the Algerian Finance Law for 2025.
- Benchmarking International Experiences: How Renter Economies Reduced Budget Deficits.

### Participation requirements

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Those wishing to participate should submit complete research papers on one of the listed axes (in Arabic, English, French). The following conditions must be met:

The submitted research should be original, following scientific methodology, and not published or submitted for publication or participation in another scientific event. The research should be written in Word, not exceeding 20 pages and not less than 12 pages, including margins and references listed at the end of the research paper. Writing in Arabic should use Simplified Arabic font, size 14, with 1.15 line spacing, and size 11 for margins. Writing in Latin languages should use Times New Roman font, size 12, with 1.15 line spacing, and size 11 for margins, considering a 2 cm margin from all sides.